



جامعة تكريت
كلية التربية للعلوم الانسانية
قسم التاريخ

المرحلة:
دكتوراه تاريخ اسلامي

المادة : نصوص تاريخية باللغة الانكليزية

عنوان المحاضرة
((Definition of historical terms))

أ.م.د. مؤيد موسى أحمد

العام الدراسي
٢٠٢٤-٢٠٢٥ م

Definition of historical terms

A Muslim : is a person who acknowledges God as one Lord and God and denies deism or deity to others, adopts Islam as a religion, follows Muhammad as a Prophet and Messenger, takes the Qur'an as a book of guidance, and performs the five pillars of Islam.

Al-Muhajireen : are the first Muslims who believed in the Messenger of God Muhammad bin Abdullah and migrated with him from Makkah Al-Mukarramah to Al-Madinah Al-Munawwarah.

The Ansar : They are the people of Yathrib (Medina), who supported the Messenger of God in Islam, Muhammad bin Abdullah. They belong to the Aws and Khazraj tribes.

The Rashidun Caliphate: It was the first of the four major caliphates established after the death of the Islamic prophet Muhammad.

History : is the study of the human past as it is described in written documents. Events occurring before written record are considered prehistory.

primary source: (also called an original source) is an artifact, document, diary, manuscript, autobiography, recording, or any other source of information that was created at the time under study.

Historical novel : means the transmission of news, events and historical facts, and telling about them in various forms of transmission, such as oral transmission, transfer of documents, transfer of books and literature.

The Muslim conquests: (al-Futūḥāt al-Islāmiyya), the early Islamic conquests began with the Islamic prophet Muhammad in the 7th century. He established a new unified polity in the Arabian Peninsula which under the subsequent Rashidun and Umayyad Caliphates.

The Constitution of Medina: (دستور المدينة , *Dustūr al-Madīnah*), also known as the Charter of Medina (Arabic: صحيفة المدينة *Ṣaḥīfat al-Madīnah*; or: ميثاق المدينة, *Mīthāq al-Madīnah* "Covenant of Medina"), was drawn up on behalf of the Islamic prophet Muhammad shortly after his arrival at Medina

(then known as Yathrib) in 622 CE (or 1 AH), following the Hijra from Mecca.

Companions of the Prophet or ***aṣ-ṣaḥābah***: (meaning "the companions") An Islamic term referring to the first campaigners of the message of Islam, the supporters of the Prophet Muhammad bin Abdullah who defended him, and those who accompanied him and believed in his call and died for it.